Litter Series

Talon® II 90C Collapsible Handle Litter: PN:60-0002 NSN:6530-01-504-9051 C6 T3™ Lightweight Assault Litter: PN:60-0022

 \mathcal{A}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

buckles from litter. upright, release While standing STEP



STEP

Place litter on the ground

the fabric side up.

NOTE to you (when hinges closest position, the in the relaxed When litter is holding the



handles) will look like Figure 1.



REV.033010

NORTH AMERICAN RESCUE

www.NARescue.com • Greer, SC 29650 • 888.689.6277

grab handles and straight as possible, Keeping the litter STEP Θ

lock (see Figure 2). all hinges rotate & rotate inward until



of the litter. individuals on each end simultaneously using 2 is best executed This action



STEP 4:

spreader bar locks apply firm, steady pressure on the spreader While maintaining hinges in the locked position, bar with foot. Increase pressure with foot until

NOTE: litter, repeat and store To close in reverse orde the directions into place.

Collapsible Handle

handles to full length. Stand upright and extend Option:

NOTE:

button in order to collapse the handles. is securely extended. Depress the The button will pop out when the handle

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION

require regular preventative maintenance use in rugged conditions, they still may Although all NAR litters are designed for

STEPS FOR CLEANING

- Wipe off all surface dirt with a sponge slightly dampened with plain water
- For more resistant dirt, use a mild solution of water and commercial soap or detergent
- Work up a thick lather using a vigorous back and forth motion
- Rinse thoroughly to remove detergent
- mild detergent solution to remove stains Wipe each belt with a clean cloth and use a
- excessive heat Hang belts freely to air dry but avoid
- Do not store device while still damp
- free from exposure to fumes or corrosive Storage areas should be clean, dry and elements



PN:ZZ-0234 REV.022310

SAFETY INSPECTION

To maintain service life and high performance, all belts, hinges, handles, and other materials must be inspected frequently. Periodic tests are to be conducted by a trained inspector. Inspect your equipment daily and replace it if any defective conditions are found.

- Examine each belt. Beginning at one end, holding the body side of the belt toward you, grasp the belt with your hands 6 to 8 inches apart.
- Bend the belt into an inverted U shape. This
 procedure will allow you to locate damaged fibers
 or cuts more readily. Watch for frayed edges,
 broken fibers, pulled stitches, cuts, or chemical
 damage.
- Special attention should be given to the attachment of buckles where attached to webbing. Note any unusual wear, frayed or cut fibers, or distortion of buckles.
- Look for frayed or broken fiber strands that appear as tufts of fiber on the webbing surface.
- Inspect frame, bars, and welds points for cracks, distortions, or stress marks.
- Check pins to ensure they are in place and have fasteners attached properly.
- Inspect handles for cracks, distortions, or stress marks.
- Examine litter bed for general rips, tears, and thread damage. Also look for signs of damage caused by heat, chemicals, or molten metal.









35 Tedwell Court Greer, SC 29650 mo.cus.ess.888.888



EXTRADRATX3

EXACT • TARKE

NORTH AMERICAN RESCUE®, LLC.











REV012710